

Strict Integrity, Efficient Service, A Clean, Complete Stock, Small Profits and Quick Returns are the Watchwords at the

Department Store

EVERYTHING UNDER ONE ROOF

Dry Goods,	Ladies' Wear,	Provisions,	Groceries
Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits	Gents' Furnishings,	Reliance Canned Goods	Holly Flour
Children's Clothing,	Hats and Caps,	Tobacco, Cigars, Pipes,	Newspapers, Books, Periodicals
Stetson Hats	Hardware, Builders Hardware,	Furniture, Carpets,	Rugs, Linoleums
Ship Chandlery,	Logging Outfit	Crockery, Glassware,	Jewelry, Curios, Postals
Wire Cables	Cutlery, Stoves,	Photos and Supplies,	Rubber Goods,
Cooking Utensils	Sporting Goods	Boots and Shoes	Agent for Eastman Kodak Co.
Guns, Rifles, Revolvers,	Ammunition	Victor Gramophone Co.	Washington and Mayer Shoes

Heavy stock carried of **STOVES and HEATERS**
Special rates given on

Bridge & Beach Ranges
and
Cole's Hot Blast Heaters

Farquhar Matheson

Successor to F. W. CARLYON
General Merchant and Forwarding Agent

LOST IN THE DEEP

Again we are reminded that braving the wind and wave of Alaskan waters is hazardous, and those who do so take their lives in their hands. Every winter hundreds of sloops and other small fishing craft ply the waters of Frederick Sound and Chatham Straits in quest of halibut, which brings them a good return in the markets of the world. But were the fishermen to receive many times the amount they are paid, they would be but poorly recompensed for the danger they undergo in following their vocation.

Almost continuously during the past two months the continued high winds have lashed the waters of Frederick Sound into mountains of mad billows, making it dangerous for even large craft to withstand; and yet in the face of all this, in their eagerness to add to their wealth, fishermen may be seen in all parts of the waters, paying out their tackle for the monsters of the deep. Hence we say it is no wonder that word is so frequently brought in of loss of life.

Three weeks ago the body of Alas Olesen was brought in and buried, having been washed overboard from his sloop near Five Fingers lighthouse; last week we chronicled the death by drowning of young Powell and a Japanese boy in the Wrangell narrows. Saturday last the steamer Alaska, Capt. Rastad, brought word of finding the wreck of the schooner See Home near Point Gardiner, in Chatham Straits. She was sunk in about twenty five feet of water, near the shore. Her dory was on the beach in a badly smashed condition; and the general presumption is that the three men who were known to be on the craft were lost. A small pocket book belonging to an English boy was picked up, but it contained no information as to the crew, or what had become of them. The crew of the Alaska made a diligent and thorough search for those who had been on the schooner, but were unable to find any trace of them, and it is the opinion of Capt. Rastad that they were drowned.

WRANGELL'S KNOCKER

Wrangell business men are worked up to a fever pitch over the doings of the town "knocker," who by employing his penchant of meddling, has succeeded in nipping in the bud an enterprise which would have insured an increase in the town's volume of business for years to come. The business men have just cause for their indignation.

Whenever a resident of any town becomes so obnoxious and objectionable by his everlasting meddling proclivities that he has brought himself to be almost universally hated by the better class of people of the town in which he lives, it is high time for him to move. And when he carries his meddling to such an extreme that he becomes a menace to the business interests of the town, the merchants should issue an ultimatum either to attend to his own business or get out.

Wrangell's knocker, by his faculty of "butting in" and gossiping, has kept a certain part of the population of the town in a constant state of dissension for some time, until his face has become positively repulsive to the majority of the conservative element. He has the opinions of several citizens "straight out from the shoulder." If he is not wise and tactful enough to see that he is a bore of the worst description, the information should be imparted to him with a club or stocking of salt.

The above is not the sentiment of the writer, alone, but is endorsed by most of the principal business men of this town. This writer objects to a knocker, but can and will knock against an enemy to the business interests of the town, and don't you forget it.

DO NOT FAIL TO SEE IT

Merchants and all other business men of Wrangell, read this week's editorial page. Listen to the voice of wisdom, and let it sink deep into your hearts.

It would seem that the action of Judge Gunnison and the grand jury at Ketchikan, recently, has started a moral wave all along the line in the First District. Up at Juneau the city fathers got on their mettle and compelled the "gangs" to close down their games and go out of business. Not only does it hit the "land lubbers," but on the Seattle steamers is now to be found the placard "gambling strictly prohibited on this boat." Out at Valdez, also, the lid is on, a petition, signed by almost every business man in the town, having recently been presented to Judge Wickersham, which resulted in the doors to gambling places being ordered closed. Let the good work proceed; it is high time.

Our old wharfman Robert Reid will leave on the next southbound trip of the Humboldt for a trip to his old eastern home, where Mrs. Reid has been for the past year, and where he spent last winter. L. M. Churchill will have charge of the wharf during his absence. Mr. Reid will return next June.

THE CITY STORE

Donald Sinclair, Proprietor

IN THE FINE NEW BUILDING

NEW GOODS CONSTANTLY COMING

BARGAINS

ALL THE TIME. SEE THEM!

Headquarters for Camping, Fishing, Prospecting and Mining Outfits, Wrangell, Alaska

No Orders too Large

None too Small. No Rush too Great

Everything to Furnish the House Complete

Door Mats, Umbrellas, Winter Goods

For fine Footwear, the AMERICAN GENTLEMAN and AMERICAN LADY are Unsurpassed

WE CARRY A COMPLETE STOCK OF

Hardware, Queensware and Graniteware

St. Michael Trading Company

Local and General

News Gathered With Pencil and Scissors, From Home and Neighboring Places

The Wrangell Drug Co.

(Coming, the National Star Company. Thanksgiving just one week from today, November 29.

Mr. T. C. McHugh was a passenger south on the Humboldt.

When preacher meets teacher, then comes the tug of war. No details.

Kenyon Talmage has been somewhat under the weather for a week or so.

The Clatswa left out Tuesday morning for a business trip to Scow Bay and Petersburg.

Tonight is the Salvation Army entertainment and sale of work at the Red Men's Hall.

Mayor Jensen is excavating on the McKinnon lot, east of the restaurant building, for another business house, to be built at once.

Rev. Father Brown of Juneau came down and looked after his Wrangell flock during the week, going to Ketchikan on the Humboldt.

It is reported that it is quite probable that a new wharf will soon be built on the site of the old P. C. wharf, a company having been formed for that purpose.

J. A. Mason, Nick Parsons and Jack Ertz came over from their cold storage site on the Narrows, last week, and remained in town several days. It took them three days to come twenty-seven miles.

Wrangell is now getting a daisy of a mail service from the west coast. Mr. Strong, the contractor, is keeping his word with the people of Wrangell like the old woman kept tavern; and the postal authorities seem to be standing right in with him on the proposition of cutting Wrangell out entirely.

Capt. Cyrus Orr, who had just come back from a trip to the Sound country, left Tuesday morning on the Clatswa for Scow Bay. While down in Washington, Capt. visited the Carlyn farm at Yelm, and says he found Fred engaged in scraping hogs, it being butchering time "down on the farm."

Hazelwood butter and eggs, best in the market, at W. C. Waters'.

Pay \$2.00 in advance and get the SENTINEL and Twice-a-Week St. Louis Republic for a year.

Messrs. Svindeth and Johansen have been awarded the contract for improving Front Street.

Ed. Lyons' launch is ready for the decking, and will soon be ready to be put into the water.

Deputy Marshal Grant went below on the Humboldt. He will endeavor to return on the same boat.

Mrs. Fred Patching came up from Loring last week and spent a few hours with old Wrangell people.

Fine weather for ducks, but that "gentle zephyr" coming out of the Stikine keeps the hunters at home.

Attorney Rodman made a business trip over to Petersburg and return, on the Humboldt, during the week.

W. D. Grant last week disposed of a lot on Church street to Mr. Joseph C. Enley, who will erect a neat residence for himself and family.

Don't forget that the Red Men's big masquerade ball, Thanksgiving eve, will be the event of the season. Several nice prizes will be given.

Dr. DeVigne, Geo. Kiss and Andrew Thomas arrived in Monday afternoon from Knaake village, where they went last week in the Solace. They stopped in at Totem Bay and got a couple of deer on the way back.

James Weeks and A. M. Tibbets came in last Monday from the back channel, where they have been putting in a raft of logs. Jim hunted a little, incidentally, and says that Tibbets has a great hunting dog, but the report that he jumped overboard to save the dog's life is untrue.

The Humboldt went down Sunday with a good passenger list. Of course she brought no mail, because she wanted pay the same as others received for it, and for some reason this was denied. But Capt. Baughman said to a reporter that he is going to carry the mail for the accommodation of the people along the route, if he has to do it for nothing. And Capt. usually means just what he says. The Humboldt is the most regular of all the boats running to southeastern Alaska, and the people would be delighted to see her carrying the mail, because this would insure their getting it some time.

Bernard W. Heilett, a mining man, came up from Seattle by the last trip of the Humboldt for the purpose of looking over some of the properties in this section of the country.

Rex E. Beach, author of the Alaskan story "The Spoilers," has been doing a lot of "missionary work" for the Alaska game hunting grounds, in the Eastern states. As this is the gateway to the hunting grounds up the Stikine, would it not be a wise move on the part of our merchants to "throw in" and get a lot of informatory circulars printed, to send to inquiring eastern hunters? They will cost something, 'tis true, but the cost would be returned tenfold.

Alaskans may grumble a great deal about rain and wet weather; but let them read in the papers of the loss of life and property through floods which have recently occurred in the vicinity of Seattle, and be content that it is as well with them. On the 15th inst. all the watercourses within 200 square miles of Seattle were out of their banks, carrying away buildings and drowning stock and people, while the water was still rising. Seattle was threatened with a famine of provisions and fuel, and all escape from the city, except by water, was shut off, also all telegraph lines were down except by Canadian lines. Floods are something that Alaska does not have to contend with, as much as it rains here.

A very enthusiastic meeting of Alert Fire Co. No. 1 was held in the council chambers last Wednesday evening, November 13, at which a goodly number of members were present. Among the other important matters brought up for consideration was that of suggesting to the council the expediency of the enactment of an ordinance making it compulsory for owners of buildings to provide an inside entrance to the attic of all such buildings. As this is a matter of simple self-protection, we think that all owners will act upon the suggestion without compulsion. At this meeting a revised set of by-laws (see another column) were adopted and ordered printed. They have been done into a neat pamphlet at this office. Three applicants were elected to membership and a good deal of other business was transacted. The fire laddies feel encouraged by the interest displayed by the council in providing the new apparatus and remuneration for the men who are to be trained to its effective use. A little more interest shown by the business men would be highly appreciated. John G. Grant and P. C. McCormack were the only representatives of heavy property interests in attendance at this meeting.

BY-LAWS

AND
ORDER OF BUSINESS

FOR
Alert Fire Co. No. 1

OF
WRANGELL, ALASKA

ARTICLE I—NAME

SECTION 1. The name of this organization shall be Alert Fire Company No. 1 of Wrangell, Alaska.

ARTICLE II—MEETINGS

SEC. 1. The regular meetings of this company shall be held on the second Wednesday evening of each month at 8 o'clock.

SEC. 2. Special meetings may be held at any time upon call of the President.

SEC. 3. Three notices shall be posted in conspicuous places in town by the Secretary, duly signed by the President and Secretary.

SEC. 4. Seven members shall constitute a quorum for transacting business.

ARTICLE III—MEMBERSHIP

SEC. 1. Any person who is a resident of the town of Wrangell and 15 years of age or over shall be eligible to membership in this company.

SEC. 2. Any person desiring to become a member of this company shall present his name in writing, duly recommended by two members in good standing. After being read, a ballot shall be taken, and if the applicant shall receive a majority of all votes cast, he shall be declared elected.

ARTICLE IV—OFFICERS

SEC. 1. The officers of this company shall be a President, Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer, Foreman, First Assistant Foreman and Second Assistant Foreman, who shall be elected at the regular meetings in January and July of each year and hold their offices for six months or until their successors are elected and qualified.

SEC. 2. Vacancies in office may be filled at any regular or called meeting.

ARTICLE V—DUTIES OF OFFICERS

SEC. 1. The President shall preside at all meetings and preserve order and decorum in the meeting room, shall sign all notices of meetings and summonses, and perform such other duties as may be necessary in the performance of his duty.

SEC. 2. The Vice President shall, in the absence of the President, perform all the duties that belong to the President.

SEC. 3. The Secretary shall keep a correct record of all meetings, receive all moneys due the company, pay the same to the Treasurer, taking his receipt therefor. He shall draw warrants on the Treasurer for all moneys ordered paid by the company. He shall sign and post notices of all meetings, and shall make a report of the company's condition at the end of his term of office.

SEC. 4. The Treasurer shall receive all moneys from the Secretary, giving his receipt therefor, and shall pay it out only upon warrants ordered drawn by the company, duly signed by the President and Secretary.

SEC. 5. The Foreman shall have charge and control of the apparatus of the company at all times, and shall see that it is kept in proper place and good condition.

SEC. 6. The First Assistant Foreman shall assist the Foreman in his duties, and in the absence of the Foreman shall assume full control at fires and drills.

SEC. 7. The Second Assistant Foreman shall assist the Foreman and First Assistant Foreman in the performance of their duties, and at fires and drills his station is with the apparatus, and he shall see that all orders issued by the Foreman or First Assistant are readily executed. In the absence of the Foreman or his First Assistant, he shall have control until a proper officer arrives.

ARTICLE VII—DUTIES OF MEMBERS

SEC. 1. The members shall attend the meetings regularly and be orderly, decorous, and attentive to the business transacted. Any member failing to attend three meetings in succession, unless sick, absent from town, or excused by the President or Foreman, shall be expelled. In case of fire every member shall repair to the house in which the apparatus is kept and assist in getting it to the fire. They shall obey all orders from officers during fires and drills, and be vigilant at all times in their efforts to protect life and property. When the apparatus shall have been taken out, they shall assist in returning it to the house, and shall answer to a roll call at the door of the meeting hall.

ARTICLE VII—BY-LAWS

SEC. 1. These by-laws may be altered, amended or annulled at any meeting by a vote of two thirds of the members present.

ORDER OF BUSINESS

1. Call to Order.
2. Roll Call of Officers.
3. Roll Call of Members.
4. Reading and Approval of Minutes.
5. Reports of Officers.
6. Reports of Committees.
7. Unfinished Business.
8. New Business.
9. Good of the Company.

FIREBELL SIGNALS

A continuous ringing of the bell gives the alarm of fire. To designate the location of a fire, ring the bell quickly several strokes; pause a moment, then strike one tap, which will indicate that the fire is in the central portion of town.

Two taps indicates that the fire is in the Northwestern part of town.

Three taps will locate it as being in the Eastern portion of town.

Two taps of the bell, an interval and a single tap, repeated several times, shall designate a meeting or drill.

Capt. Gardner of the Killisnoo Corps, Salvation Army, is here assisting Adj. Smith in the work of completing the officers' quarters. Wrangell is the district headquarters, and the Adj. is sparing no pains to have the quarters roomy and comfortable.

A surprise party was given at the home of Mrs. J. F. Hamilton, Thursday evening last, in honor of Walter Woodbridge, who happened to be in town. Those who were present say that as a mark of fine coffee, Walter stands at the head—even if he does tone it up a little with cayenne.

G. E. RODMAN
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Office upstairs in Wrangell Hotel
WRANGELL, - ALASKA

DR. HARRY C. DeVIGNE
GENERAL PRACTICE.
Calls attended day or Night.
Wickfield Building, Wrangell, Alaska.

ELIAS RUUD
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR.
U. S. DEPUTY LAND SURVEYOR.
U. S. DEPUTY MINERAL SURVEYOR.
VALDEZ, ALASKA. JUNEAU, ALASKA.

Wrangell Marble
..... Works

Keep in stock a fine line of monuments and slabs manufactured from the best product of the

Ham Island Marble Quarry

Stones securely crated for shipping to all points in Alaska.

Lowery & Woodbridge

WRANGELL, - ALASKA

Alaska Sentinel.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

VRANGEL.....ALASKA.

It takes a fat woman to sneer at her neighbor for padding.

There is a greater demand for simplified thinking than for simplified spelling.

John D. Rockefeller is an advocate of the simple life. His rule is to simply get it and keep it.

A man of the name of As has the first place in New York's directory. He is doubly entitled to it.

George Bernard Shaw says Christians should not make fortunes. We know of some who are not doing so.

Some persons collect cigar bands. Russell Sage collected money. Of the two, Sage was the more sensible.

The Rev. Dr. Stuart would "consign politicians to an everlasting retirement." That is one way of putting it.

Truly, as the Atlanta Constitution says, "riches do not bring happiness," but they help to preserve it when the bills come in.

It is presumed, however, if the matter were put to a vote, the people who can't spell correctly under any system would win by a large majority.

Oklahoma points to her record breaking crops as evidence that she expects to become a self-sustaining member of the good brotherhood of States.

A number of people who were building great hopes on their relationship with Russell Sage are now kicking because he was such a close relation.

The biggest iceberg ever seen, 200 feet high, was sighted near Newfoundland. Can it be that the North Pole has broken loose from its moorings?

The Czar recently risked his life by attending the funeral of one of his generals. But he would be a mean anarchist who threw bombs at a funeral.

The Baroness Burdette-Coutts recently celebrated her ninety-second birthday. The young man who married her some years ago seems to be cheerful, too.

John Lambert says Emperor William is the ablest man in Europe, bar none. It is in order for G. Bernard Shaw to say some sarcastic things about Lambert.

A Kansas clergyman will advertise his church. Isn't that a legitimate modern interpretation of the injunction to "go out into the highways and hedges and compel them to come in?"

Emperor William thinks journalists should be compelled to pass examinations, the same as doctors and lawyers, before being permitted to practice. What is William's idea concerning poets?

Millionaire Huntington, of California, recently gave his \$12,000 automobile to his chauffeur. It seems he had been able to go only seventy-five miles an hour in this machine and wanted to get a fast one.

Of course, the intention of the Standard Oil Company, in its attempt to corner the denatured alcohol business, is to make the new fuel so cheap and popular that persons will prefer it to kerosene and gasoline.

Paris green, the farmer's weapon against potato bugs and other pests, has advanced in price nearly 50 per cent in a year. The reason is the flooding of the arsenic mines in Wales last year. Paris green is arsenite of copper. Arsenic is the best insecticide, and constitutes the destructive part of arsenate of lead, which has become the most useful spray for fruit and shade trees.

The island of Juan Fernandez is reported destroyed in the earthquake which devastated Valparaiso. If so, it will be a loss that will be felt keenly by every boy, old or young, who has revelled in the story of Robinson Crusoe. Every admirer of that hero probably has had at some time the secret longing to some time visit the island made real to him by Defoe's great tale. It is the Mecca of boyish fancy. All lovers of Robinson Crusoe will hope the island still stands with its magic atmosphere of romantic interest.

While there can be no doubting the intention of the British government to henceforth dominate openly the political control of Egypt as a part of the British Empire, the proposals of Lord Cromer clearly indicate that there is to be equal opportunity for all nationalities and full respect for acquired and vested rights. In other words, modern Egypt is to be governed on the open door principle so strongly advocated by the United States in China and the far East generally. While England will rule, she does not propose to insist upon any monopoly of trade or franchises, but, on the contrary, extends equal opportunity to all comers.

Marriages between wealthy American women and titled foreigners do not meet with approval from some sterner patriotic Americans. The common suspicion is that the money and the title

marry, and drag the man and the woman into a loveless alliance. Yet international marriages frequently turn out happily. In some cases they afford both parties opportunity for service of which both countries may be proud. The union between Lord Curzon and Mary Leiter was such a marriage, and the recent death of the wife is mourned on both sides of the ocean. That the late Lady Curzon did her part in the work of an Englishman of power and responsibility—one of England's greatest colonial administrators—is as creditable to her and to her nation as if she had been the wife of an equally notable American.

Flies are one of the greatest pests that afflict mankind and the lower animals. Long before the science of bacteriology arose and the microbe theory of disease was originated flies were supposed to propagate the plague and many other diseases, and modern science has confirmed this theory. In order to test it the putrid remains of dead animals have been sprinkled with a fine white powder and subsequently flies that lit on sick people and on the dainty dishes of the table have been found to have this powder on their feet. Of course, when there is an epidemic must convey the secretions and excretions of the patients to healthy people. Possibly this may even be done by the flies lighting on food which healthy people afterward eat. As this evil is, so far as known, only occasional, flies do just as much harm in the aggregate by torturing the domestic animals, as this goes on all the time. The sufferings which horses and cows undergo in this way is sometimes sufficient to make them drip with sweat. At the same time their usefulness to man is greatly impaired. In the summer time the horse could do twice as much work if he did not waste his strength in kicking at the flies. Cows also would probably give more milk. Here is an enormous economic waste which has attracted surprisingly little attention. If flies are to be exterminated the most curious and most significant thing is that they are a product of human nature. When travelers visit a region uninhabited by man they find no flies there. If they live there a short time there will be as many flies there as anywhere else. The right way is, of course, to exterminate them, but in the meanwhile is there not some way by which the horse and cow may be protected against the pest? Several lotions and powders have been invented which repel the flies, but they also injure the animal. What is needed is some application which will not hurt a horse's coat and yet will repel or mislead the flies. The reason that nothing of this kind has been discovered is probably that the impression prevails that such a substance must be poisonous to the flies, whereas the truth seems to be that it only needs to deceive them. Insects seem to be guided to their food by the sense of smell. As soon as anything they like is volatilized they swarm to it from far and wide. Evidently it is the odor of the horse or the cow diffused by animal heat that attracts them and the way to drive them off is to disguise that odor so that they will not be led aright. No doubt this is the way that fish oil and kerosene repel them. All that is necessary is some lotion which kills the odor of the animal as effectively as these oils without injuring their coat or inflaming their skin. For all anybody knows this substance may be something which is handled every day and is as cheap as dirt.

The Campaign Cigar Season.



King Has Mania for Homes.

One of the manias of the king of the Belgians is building. King Leopold, who spends almost as much time out of his country as he does in it, has several residences which he seldom or never visits, yet he is constantly adding to them. He has a fine palace in Brussels, but when within his own domain he prefers to spend his time in the country. He is also the richest monarch in Europe so far as real estate is concerned.

Constitution to Be Rejected.

Common sense in dealing with the old frigate Constitution is in evidence at last. The ship is preserved solely in response to a popular sentiment, and as a relic alone is she worth the water she displaces. The public will approve the refitting of Old Ironsides with the rigging and armament that she had in the days of her glory.

Scotland's Fastest Run.

Scotland's fastest railway point-to-point runs are from Forfar to Perth, where the thirty-two and a half miles are traversed twice daily in thirty-two minutes, which means a mean speed of 60.94 miles an hour.

WORLD BECOMING CONVERTED TO THE IDEA OF CONSTITUTIONAL GOVERNMENT



Shah of Persia has granted his people's demands for a Parliament and China is preparing a Constitution

Although constitutional government was known to the world before the United States, after its break with the mother country, tried the experiment, the system adopted here undoubtedly has been the model upon which many of the later constitutions have been founded. The comparative smoothness of the working of the Federal Constitution has shown its peculiar advantages for a sovereign people who have decided to govern themselves. While it is too radical for some countries where class distinctions exist, the simplicity and comprehensiveness of the United States system recommend it in part, at least, to all people seeking popular government.

In Europe the only countries without representative rulers are Turkey and the tiny State of Monaco, both of which are autocracies. More than one-half the inhabitants of the globe are ruled under ancient systems, but recent announcements show that within a few years the whole world will have accepted the idea of representative government.

Last year the Czar of Russia gave the order for the election of representatives to the great national council, the Douma. While the experiment showed conclusively that the step was ill-timed, and while the Emperor found it necessary to dissolve this Parliament, it may be asserted that bona fide constitutional government will be the Russian people's portion in the near future.

Shah Follows Czar.

The astonishment and surprise with which the rest of the world greeted the Czar's proclamation for constitutional government was only little less than that which saluted the announcement that China is to have a constitution and a representative government, and that the Shah of Persia had agreed to do as much for his people.

The significance of a change in the form of government so radical as the substitution of a system of popular rule for an autocracy demands that the reform be achieved with consideration rather than with dispatch. China, being a large body, follows the axiom and moves slowly. The wise men of the Central Empire have said that twelve years will be required before a suitable

constitution will be ready. For that reason, and for others more obvious to the student of international politics, there need be little fear that China will be a larger gainer from reform than Russia appears to be. So far as Persia is concerned, a case very different from that either of Russia or China is presented. At the present moment few persons would care to hazard a guess on the outcome of the proposed reform in the Shah's empire.

In Persia the inquirer finds a chaotic state of affairs, far more hopeless than the anarchy spreading throughout Russia, and so inextricably confused with religious disorders as to be incomprehensible to one unacquainted with the conflicting agencies in the East and the oriental character. Only a master mind can restore order in Persia, and the question is, Does the empire of Alexander the Great possess such a genius?

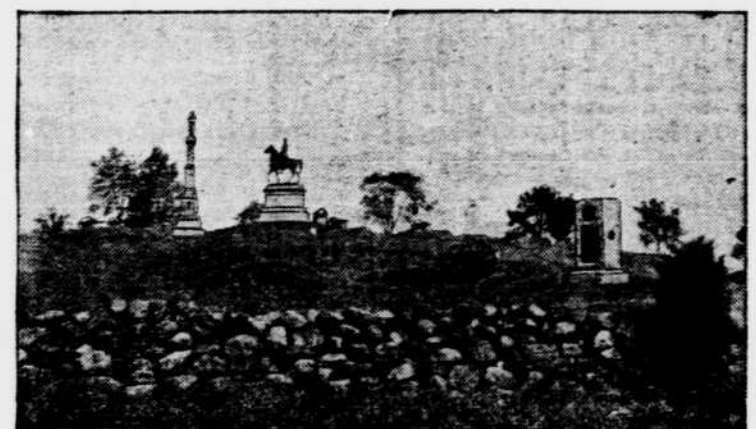
With Russia, China and Persia adopting the western system of government, the world may be said to have become possessed of the idea of popular rule, for the few remaining States have a total population of no more than 65,000,000, a rather insignificant part of the total number of earth's inhabitants, approximately set down as 1,300,000,000. In addition to the countries mentioned, representative government is still unknown in Abyssinia, which clings to the feudal system; Afghanistan, which has feudal local government; Morocco, which is an autocracy; Nepal, which is a military oligarchy, and Siam, which is ruled by a legislative council.

A commission from China for a year or two has been studying the various national constitutions, and it is not improbable that the new Chinese system will be patterned on that of the United States and that of Germany, both of which contain portions which might, without violence of national prejudices be naturalized in the Celestial kingdom. Like the United States and the German empire, the Chinese empire is composed of a number of states, or, as they are called, provinces. Each has customs and laws peculiar to itself, although there are national laws (edicts in China) which are universally applicable throughout the empire.

ON BLOODY GETTYSBURG.

Reunion of Blue and Gray on Ground Where They Fought.

The winged dove of peace which now hovers over the bloody field of Gettysburg recently witnessed the unusual spectacle of veterans of the war from both North and South shaking hands across the famous stone wall over which Pickett's men made their glorious but useless charge. Gradually the government is acquiring all the property over which the great three days' struggle was fought, and in time the ground will be entirely the nation's own, to be preserved forever intact as



GLIMPSE OF THE GETTYSBURG BATTLEFIELD.

It was when Lee reached the limit of his Northern march.

Monument after monument has been erected on the field until the entire ground is dotted with mementos of the stirring incidents of the great battle. Among the most interesting is the monument of Gen. Warren, on Little Round Top. The general is represented looking toward the spot where he noticed the flash of bayonets on the second day of battle, and rightly guessed that the enemy were advancing through the woods back of the Devil's Den with the object of seizing Little Round Top. Warren hustled around and gathered together sufficient troops in the vicinity to save this key to the position. The statue of the famous general was placed on the very boulder on which he stood when the discovery of the Confederate attempt on Little Round Top was made.

No one could have stood where the Warren statue stands now and have

lived a second during the progress of the battle, for in the attack on Little Round Top Confederate sharpshooters were thickly sprinkled in the Devil's Den, a mass of rocks in the valley below, and these marksmen, retiring into the cave beneath a big boulder to load, would fire and retire again, so that a constant rain of bullets was kept on the defenders of the hill. The guns that poured shot and shell down on these sharpshooters and raked Death valley in the immediate vicinity are still on Little Round Top.

Every stone of the famous wall is preserved just as when Pickett made his charge, and the veterans of the

order to allow time for the bringing up of reinforcements to stop the gap, and they did so, knowing that they were going to certain death. Such deeds are so commonly recorded on the monuments on this battlefield that it would be necessary only to copy the inscriptions to obtain a string of stirring incidents in which brave men who counted life as nothing compared with the winning of the day figured as the principals.

CATCHING A GIANT FISH.

The Monster of a Minnesota Lake Taken After a Hard Fight.

The big fish which has caused so much excitement on the part of the fishermen at Ely lake and which has been a prolific source of tall tales, has been caught, says the St. Paul Pioneer Press. At least William Peterson of this place believes that he has captured the monster.

While fishing in the lake Peterson secured a tremendous "strike." He was almost jerked out of his boat by the first angry struggle of the big fish, but being an expert with the rod and reel, soon recovered his equilibrium and began to "play" his catch. The fish tried all the tricks known to the fishy tribe and many new ones. It would set off at tremendous speed, towing the skiff after it at a rate that made the water churn. Then suddenly the line would slacken and Peterson could hardly reel in his line fast enough to keep it taut as the fish came near.

After three hours of hard work, at the end of which Peterson's wrist felt as if it had been kept in a vise for that length of time, he managed to get the fish alongside and run a gaff through its gills. He then took a revolver and shot it. It proved to be a seventy-five-pound muskellunge, and, although it was not seven feet long, as many who had seen the fish claimed it was, Peterson is satisfied that there are few fish in Ely lake its equal.

What He Wanted.

"Ah," said the fortune teller, sighing deeply and getting a mystic expression into her eyes, "you wish to learn what the future will hold for you?" "Not exactly," replied the patron, passing over his dollar. "I want to find out what the future will let go of for me."—Judge.

Some men have more grievances than a dog has fleas.

A LITTLE LESSON IN ADVERSITY.

The man who is most willing to extend a helping hand to his fellow-man who has known what want and poverty and the need of help



is. The great philanthropists have been, almost without exception, men who have risen from the ranks. George Peabody, one of the greatest philanthropists of any time or country, was one of these. Another was George W. Childs. Childs was a Baltimore boy, who entered the United States navy at the age of 13. He remained in the navy for fifteen months. He was only 14 when he went to Philadelphia to make a try for his fortune. Like Benjamin Franklin, he entered that city almost penniless. He found employment in a book store on a pittance of wage; but from this he managed to take care of himself and to even save a little. He was frugal and careful. He knew what hunger was, and he had experienced want. Furthermore, he had made up his mind to win success, and he was directing all his energies toward the winning.

At the end of a few years he had saved a few hundred dollars, and opened a store for himself in the building of the Philadelphia Ledger. His definite ambition was to make himself owner of the paper and the building.

At 21 he was a member of a publishing firm; and he was still a young man when he came into the realization of his ambition. Despite apparently insuperable hurdles he had reached his goal.

CHANCE FOR TEXTILES.

Industry Now Said to Be Making Opportunities in the Orient.

The market of Asiatic Turkey for calicoes, prints and other cotton textiles has never received the attention it deserves from American manufacturers and exporters, says Consul Thomas H. Norton at Smyrna. The value of the total annual imports of such goods into the Asiatic provinces of Turkey now exceeds \$20,000,000 and Smyrna and the adjacent territory absorb nearly one-quarter of the trade. The weight of the annual importations of cotton goods into the port of Smyrna is more than 6,000 tons. The united kingdom of Great Britain enjoys the bulk of this profitable trade, her exportations to Smyrna last year amounting in value to \$2,140,000. Italy comes next, with a record of \$763,000, and the United States third, with a record of \$151,000. The balance is shared by Germany, France, Austria-Hungary, Belgium, Switzerland and Holland, only the first two of which can show more than \$100,000 in the value of their exports.

Great Britain has practically a monopoly in the market for muslins, mulls, printed and colored handkerchiefs and furnishes most of the calicoes and white goods, bleached and unbleached. Italy contributes many unbleached cotton. Drills come chiefly from Italy, Great Britain and France. Heavy cotton cloth is supplied chiefly by Germany and Austria, a certain amount coming lately from Greece. Cotton shawls are sent from Germany and Austria. America contributed but little to the trade except the standard gray sheetings, the "cabot," so thoroughly appreciated throughout the Orient. In certain distributing points in the interior the "cabot" occupies a predominant place in the market.

The city of Koniah requires annually 20,000 pieces of American "cabot." A good indication of a fairly prosperous community is afforded by the trade of the island of Mytilene. The annual importation of foreign cotton goods there is valued at \$80,000. It includes 2,600 pieces of drills, black and white; 2,050 pieces of gray shirtings, 1,800 pieces of madapolam shirtings, bleached and unbleached, and 1,000 pieces of "cabot."

While the American trade in "cabot" illustrates the durable success to be attained by continued adherence to a high standard of production in a single article, American manufacturers ought to consider whether it is not worth while to cater to the widespread demand in the Turkish market for very cheap cotton textiles. Of gingham and other light cottonades local production is steadily increasing, but this fails to gain on the growing demand. The trade in these articles at Smyrna amounts to about \$500,000 each year. It consists of goods costing from 10 to 20 cents a meter, for widths varying from 50 to 110 centimeters. Italy at present is the country which chiefly supplies this market. Then follow in order Switzerland, France, Germany, Austria and Great Britain. The United States is hardly known in this market.

A field in which there is no local competition is that of calicoes and prints. Here also Italy leads in the sales, absorbing 55 per cent of the business. Great Britain holds 25 per cent and other European countries 10 per cent additional. Germany is now devoting special attention to the preparation of designs which meet the popular taste, and promises soon to obtain a strong foothold in the market.

This matter of design is, indeed, all important in an effort to capture the

market. Oriental races are accustomed to certain conventional styles of figure and coloring, and it is with great difficulty that they are led to abandon them in favor of current designs of occidental printers.

If American manufacturers desire to enter this field they must of necessity conform to local conditions. There is no doubt that a serious effort to obtain a large share of the Levantine trade in prints would be attended with success if made earnestly and persistently. A competent representative of American cotton textile interests, once established in such a distributing center as Smyrna, could master in a few months the details of the trade and organize an effective campaign.

To make sure of success stocks should be sufficiently large so that orders can be filled promptly. One of the chief drawbacks to American trade in cotton textiles is the delay and uncertainty in the execution of orders sent from Turkey. In the case of textiles the establishment of a distributing center in the Levant itself is a most important factor in deciding the question of ultimate success. It is practically impossible to win a market in Asiatic Turkey for articles involving close competition unless the three factors of personal representation, quick delivery and facilities in payment are combined.

The success achieved in the introduction into Turkey of American sewing machines, agricultural implements and a few other wares has been due chiefly to the union of these factors in the campaign.

WILLIAM T. STEAD.

William Thomas Stead, who recently for the first time visited a London music hall, and later denounced the entertainment as "drivel for the drags," is one of the most noted of British editors. He is the founder and present editor of the Review of Reviews, and founded similar publications in America and Australia. Formerly he was editor of the Northern Echo and of the Pall Mall



WILLIAM T. STEAD.

Gazette. Mr. Stead, who is the son of a Congregational minister, was born in 1849, and after receiving an academic education was apprenticed to a merchant at Newcastle-on-Tyne, but speedily abandoned the counting room for literature. Among his notable books are "The Maiden Tribute of Modern Babylon," which caused his imprisonment for three months in 1885; "If Christ Came to Chicago," "Satan's Invisible World," and "A Study of Despairing Democracy."

PANTHER HUNT IN A HOUSE.

Shooting Big Game That Was Found in a Bedroom.

An extraordinary adventure in a bedroom with a panther is told by Lieutenant Colonel Rundle, the commander of the Fifth Brigade of the Royal Field Artillery at Jubbulpore.

One afternoon Mrs. Rundle came out of a portion of the bungalow that was seldom used and said she had seen the tail of a panther protruding from behind a large coil of matting in one of the rooms. Colonel Rundle supposed that the animal was a tame panther which he knew one of his non-coms owned, and sent for a brother officer to assist in dispatching it.

Opening the door enough to insert his rifle barrel, he fired and wounded the beast. The door swung open as the wounded beast bounded against it. It then sprang at Colonel Rundle, missing him by about a foot, and bolted.

Colonel Rundle, with Lieutenant Macan, reconnoitered each room in turn. Eventually the panther was found in a spare room hiding behind a coil of matting.

There was a window to this room about fourteen feet from the ground, and Colonel Rundle procured a ladder, but before he could get his rifle up the panther had seen him and sprang through the doorway.

Lieutenant Macan fired three shots, but neither proved fatal, and the panther bolted out of the house and across the tennis court into the R. A. mess compound.

Here it gave chase to an inquisitive sweeper, but was too badly wounded to do more than make a clutch or two at the man's clothes.

Finally it darted into an outhouse, where it was dispatched.—Allahabad Pioneer.

The How of It?

"How did that naughty boy of yours get hurt?" asked the new neighbor, rather laughingly.

"That dear little boy of yours hit him on the head with a club," replied Mrs. Higgins, sweetly.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

It is one sign that a woman has a temper when her husband can't take a seat anywhere in the house that she doesn't discover that he is sitting just where she wants to sweep.

It is wonderful the number of things a woman puts on when she dresses.

General Debility

Day in and day out there is that feeling of weakness that makes a burden of itself. Food does not strengthen. Sleep does not refresh. It is hard to do, hard to bear, what should be easy—vitality in the ebb, and the whole system suffers. For this condition take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It vitalizes the blood and gives vigor and tone to all the organs and functions. In usual liquid form or in chocolate tablets known as Sarsatabs, 100 doses \$1.

Blackberry Vinegar.

Put the blackberries into a stone vessel and mash them to a pulp. Add cider vinegar enough to cover it well, stand in the sun twelve hours and all night in the cellar, stir well occasionally during this time, strain and put in many fresh berries in the jar as you took out; pour the strained vinegar over them; wash and set in the sun all day. To each quart of this juice, allow one pint of water and five and one-half pounds of sugar to three pints of the mingled juice and water. Place over a gentle fire and stir until the sugar is dissolved. Heat slowly to boiling, skimming off the scum, and as it fairly boils take off the strain. Bottle while warm and seal the corks with sealing wax, or beeswax and rosin.

In Pennsylvania there is a demand for the imprisonment of the directors who permitted a bank president to wreck the institution without their knowledge. The directors are, of course, surprised to learn that they were expected to direct.

"20-MULE-TEAM" BORAX SOAP

Contains Pure Borax, Nature's Cleanser and Whitener, hence makes clothes snowy white, hygienically clean and will not injure the finest fabric, shrink linens or cause colors to run.

SAVES HANDS, CLOTHES, LABOR

ALL GROCERS. Free Sample for top from pound carton 20-Mule-Team Borax and dealer's name, your name and address and 5 cents, stamps, including 32-page booklet and Souvenir Picture, 7x14 in 10 colors FREE. Address: PACIFIC COAST BORAX CO., Oakland, Cal.

When you buy **WET WEATHER CLOTHING** you want complete protection and long service. These and many other good points are combined in **TOWER'S WATER-PROOF OILED CLOTHING**. You can't afford to buy any other.



TOWER'S WATER-PROOF OILED CLOTHING
You can't afford to buy any other.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 & \$3.00 Shoes

BEST IN THE WORLD
W. L. Douglas \$4 Gilt Edge line cannot be equalled at any price

To Shoe Dealers: W. L. Douglas Jobbing House is the most complete in this country. Send for Catalog.



SHOES
177 N. BROAD ST. NEW YORK

SHOES FOR EVERYBODY AT ALL PRICES.
Men's Shoes, \$5 to \$15.00. Boys' Shoes, \$3 to \$12.50. Women's Shoes, \$4.00 to \$15.00. Misses' & Children's Shoes, \$2.50 to \$8.00.
Try W. L. Douglas Women's, Misses' and Children's shoes; for style, fit and wear they exceed other makes.
If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other make.

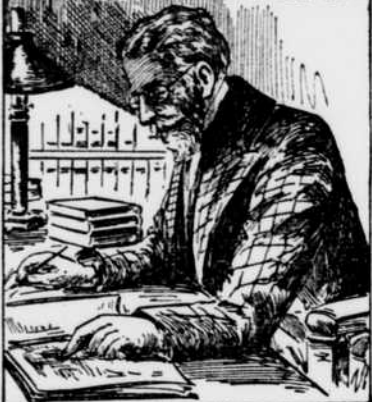
Wherever you live, you can obtain W. L. Douglas shoes. His name and price is stamped on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and inferior shoes. Take no substitutes. Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes and insist upon having them.
Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy. Write for illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles. W. L. DOUGLAS, Dept. 13, Brockton, Mass.

Black Pacing Stallion six years old for sale, or trade, for land or anything of equal value. We brought this fine horse from Denver, Colo., and now we need an auto in our business and will offer him for sale. He will make \$1000 per year in any good horse country. He is a sure foal getter, and they are all fine ones. Any one looking for the best Road Horse in the state should see this Beauty.
Marsh & George, Real Estate & Business Opportunities, 419 Pioneer Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

BEUTEL BUSINESS COLLEGES

Leading Schools of Business in the Northwest. Send for large illustrated Catalog. Positions Guaranteed. Address either TACOMA or EVERETT, WASHINGTON.

THE WEEKLY HISTORIAN



1293—Edward I. exiled Jews from England on penalty of death.
1363—Spaniards, under Gov. Menendez, landed at St. Augustine.
1395—English force under Drake and Hawkins sailed on expedition against Spanish settlements in the West Indies.
1603—Hudson discovered Delaware bay.
1620—English pilgrims sailed from Plymouth in Mayflower.
1643—Treaty of peace between the New England colonies and Narragansett Indians.
1690—King William forced to make the siege of Limerick after great loss.
1708—Haverhill, Mass., burned by French and Indians.
1757—Battle of Norkettin between the Russians and Prussians.
1779—French fleet captured off Charleston, S. C.
1781—Washington and Rochambeau received in Philadelphia.
1801—French evacuated Egypt in favor of the British.
1804—Planet Juno discovered by Prof. Harding of Gothenburg.
1814—City of Alexandria, Va., captured to the British... Bombardment of Fort Erie continued by the British.
1816—Treaty signed by Algiers and England, by which Christian slavery was to be abolished.
1818—New York State prison at Auburn opened.
1833—Twelve thousand houses destroyed by fire in Constantinople.
1843—Convention at Monterey, Cal., to frame State constitution... Russians captured Fort Achaqua.
1854—Maria Christina, Queen mother of Spain, fled from Madrid to escape the wrath of the people.
1860—Street railways first introduced in England.
1861—Bombardment and capture of forts Hatteras and Clark, N. C.
1862—Union forces defeated in battle near Richmond, Ky.
1870—Capitulation of Sedan by the French.
1884—Steamer Belmont capsized in Ohio river; 15 lives lost.
1896—British bombarded palace of Sultan of Zanzibar.
1897—Boston subway opened.
1898—Col. Henry, who forged evidence against Dreyfus, committed suicide... Czar proposed an international peace conference.
1902—Volcanic eruption of Mount Pelee.
1903—Caleb Powers found guilty of complicity in Gov. Goebel murder in Kentucky.
1904—Desperate attacks of Japanese at Liaoyang repulsed by the Russians.
1905—Edwin I. Holmes, Jr., indicted in the government cotton report scandal... Japanese and Russian envoys at Portsmouth reached peace agreement.

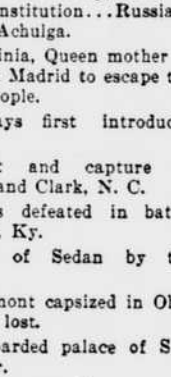
"20-MULE-TEAM" BORAX SOAP

Contains Pure Borax, Nature's Cleanser and Whitener, hence makes clothes snowy white, hygienically clean and will not injure the finest fabric, shrink linens or cause colors to run.

SAVES HANDS, CLOTHES, LABOR

ALL GROCERS. Free Sample for top from pound carton 20-Mule-Team Borax and dealer's name, your name and address and 5 cents, stamps, including 32-page booklet and Souvenir Picture, 7x14 in 10 colors FREE. Address: PACIFIC COAST BORAX CO., Oakland, Cal.

When you buy **WET WEATHER CLOTHING** you want complete protection and long service. These and many other good points are combined in **TOWER'S WATER-PROOF OILED CLOTHING**. You can't afford to buy any other.

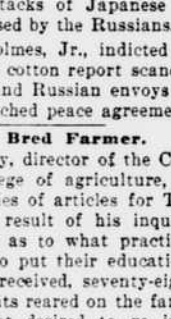


TOWER'S WATER-PROOF OILED CLOTHING
You can't afford to buy any other.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 & \$3.00 Shoes

BEST IN THE WORLD
W. L. Douglas \$4 Gilt Edge line cannot be equalled at any price

To Shoe Dealers: W. L. Douglas Jobbing House is the most complete in this country. Send for Catalog.



SHOES
177 N. BROAD ST. NEW YORK

SHOES FOR EVERYBODY AT ALL PRICES.
Men's Shoes, \$5 to \$15.00. Boys' Shoes, \$3 to \$12.50. Women's Shoes, \$4.00 to \$15.00. Misses' & Children's Shoes, \$2.50 to \$8.00.
Try W. L. Douglas Women's, Misses' and Children's shoes; for style, fit and wear they exceed other makes.
If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other make.

Wherever you live, you can obtain W. L. Douglas shoes. His name and price is stamped on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and inferior shoes. Take no substitutes. Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes and insist upon having them.
Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy. Write for illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles. W. L. DOUGLAS, Dept. 13, Brockton, Mass.

Black Pacing Stallion six years old for sale, or trade, for land or anything of equal value. We brought this fine horse from Denver, Colo., and now we need an auto in our business and will offer him for sale. He will make \$1000 per year in any good horse country. He is a sure foal getter, and they are all fine ones. Any one looking for the best Road Horse in the state should see this Beauty.
Marsh & George, Real Estate & Business Opportunities, 419 Pioneer Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

BEUTEL BUSINESS COLLEGES

Leading Schools of Business in the Northwest. Send for large illustrated Catalog. Positions Guaranteed. Address either TACOMA or EVERETT, WASHINGTON.

THAW'S BEST FRIEND.

If Anyone Can Save White's Slayer It Is His Mother.

Mrs. Mary Copley Thaw, leader of Pittsburgh society and ruler of the many millions left by her husband, the late William Thaw, has proven herself remarkable in times of stress and trouble. If anyone can save Harry K. Thaw from suffering the consequences of his crime in killing Stanford White, it will be this devoted mother, who is his best friend.

Mrs. Thaw showed her ability as a manager when her daughter, Alice, decided to marry the Earl of Yarmouth. There was opposition from members of the family, who did not like the earl. Once settled that her daughter's happiness depended upon the marriage, Mrs. Thaw consented. There was trouble over the settlement, but she arranged that to the satisfaction of all concerned.

A year or so later Harry Kendall Thaw returned from Europe with Evelyn Nesbit, announcing her as his wife. The elder Mrs. Thaw hastened to haul in the reins and arranged for another wedding. Then she took them home with her. This high-minded and devoted mother has redeemed situations that to others have seemed to be beyond hope of saving, and has controlled her offspring when only she was capable of doing so. Out of the complex love affairs of her children, when all the world scoffed, she has seen what was true and developed successful marriages.

With her other children, Josiah and Mrs. George Lauder Carnegie, Mrs. Thaw seems to have had less trouble. Mrs. William Thaw has her own views regarding the conduct of the



MRS. WILLIAM THAW.

case. What those views are remain untold. It is certain, however, that she will spend her entire fortune, if necessary, in the effort to save her son from the electric chair. Her mother love has been touched at its tenderest point, as Harry Kendall Thaw always has been her petted and best loved son. Always has she forgiven his escapades and dissolutions, continually trusting that her love and devotion would tell in the long run. Now, in her old age, she faces the terrible ordeal of a son charged with deliberate and premeditated murder.

Why They Call Him "Old Beans."

"Senator Pomeroy was called by many of those who knew him as 'Old Beans.' His friends used the nickname as a term of endearment, while those who didn't like him employed it to express their derision. He obtained the title by reason of having at one time, when the people of his state were hungry, a large quantity of that nourishing food shipped from Boston to Kansas. Whenever he profited in a pecuniary way by that act, of course I don't know, but he, at least, gathered in a host of friends.

"I first heard of the soubriquet when I was one of the assistant doorkeepers of the Senate. My station was to the left of the chamber, facing the secretary's office. One day, when the Senate was in session, a big, breezy westerner came up to me, and said: 'Will you kindly send my card to 'Old Beans.' 'Well, that stumped me, and I was obliged to confess that I didn't know 'beans.' Then the stranger explained. When 'Old Beans' appeared he fairly fell into his friend's arms, and when that gentleman told him, that I was ignorant of the name the Kansans knew him by, I was told why they so designated him."—Washington Post.

New Kind of Dialect Story.

"What's this?" demanded the puzzled critic, reading the manuscript. "Go 'long wid ye or O'll gift you a punch mit der nose yet already." What sort of language is that to put in the mouth of your hero?

"That's the most novel feature of my book," replied the young author; "you see, the hero's father was Irish and his mother German."—Philadelphia Ledger.

What He Called Him.

"What do you call your baby?" "Aw, has my wife been telling you about that—when I called him that he'd been keepin' me awake over three—eh? Oh, his name! 'John.'"—Houston Post.

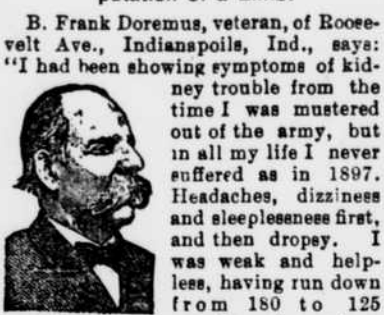
He Knew Him.

"Why don't you propose, if you love her?" "She hasn't known me long enough." "Great Scott, man! propose at once, then. Don't take any chances."—Cleveland Leader.

Treat your parents with great tenderness and respect: You owe them something because you were not born a czar.

A TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE.

How a Veteran Was Saved the Amputation of a Limb.



B. Frank Doremus, veteran, of Roosevelt Ave., Indianapolis, Ind., says: "I had been showing symptoms of kidney trouble from the time I was mustered out of the army, but in all my life I never suffered as in 1897. Headaches, dizziness and sleeplessness first, and then dropsy. I was weak and helpless, having run down from 180 to 125 pounds. I was having terrible pain in the kidneys and the secretions passed almost involuntarily. My left leg swelled until it was 34 inches around, and the doctor tapped it night and morning until I could no longer stand it, and then he advised amputation. I refused, and began using Doan's Kidney Pills. The swelling subsided gradually, the urine became natural and all my pains and aches disappeared. I have been well now for nine years since using Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Apple Taffy.

Boil together a pound of granulated sugar and a teaspoonful of cold water until a little dropped into cold water is brittle. Wipe each apple, run a skewer through it, dip in the scalding syrup and lay on waxed paper to dry.

To Make Harness Last Longer.

A little economy, which sometimes means a good many dollars to a man, is the proper care of harness, carriage-tops, etc. Leather in daily use, exposed as it is to sun and wind, soon becomes dry, hard, inelastic, and unable to stand strain. Then, very likely at the most unfortunate moment, a break occurs, and precious time and money are lost. All this is easily prevented by a little forethought and care on the part of the owner. Every one owning horses should be supplied with a good leather preservative, and a good axle oil. These two things are necessary to the largest economical use of a working outfit, or a pleasure equipage.

Observation has shown that no oil penetrates leather so deeply, and resists the drying effect of sun and wind so well as Eureka Harness Oil. Neatsfoot and some other inferior oils sometimes used, easily become rancid, or because of containing acid, hurt the leather. Stable men and others posted on the subject, invariably use Eureka Harness Oil. When harness is given an occasional dressing of this oil, and wagon spindles greased with Boston Coach Oil, a very large reduction is made in the necessary repair bills. Boston Coach Oil, by the way, is very much superior to Castor Oil. It has splendid lasting qualities, will not gum or corrode, and is more economical in every way.

People who are after economy in stable management will do well to ask for these oils.

The New York newspaper man who is to marry a rich girl may be a poor reporter without being a poor reporter.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

Wash and stem ripe, acid grapes. To two cups of the fruit add a cup of granulated sugar, mix well and put into a pie plate lined with puff paste. Fit on an upper crust and bake. Serve cold with sugar strewn over the top of the pie.

To Break in New Shoes.

Always shake in Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures chafings, damp, sweating, itching, swollen feet. Cures Corns and Bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

"The man who kicks without a cause is a common liar," says "Uncle Joe" Cannon. Likewise an uncommon idiot, when there are so many good causes for kicking.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors tried to cure it with local applications, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circular and testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 7c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Because she is unable to get a pair of ready-made shoes that are large enough to fit her a girl has had to postpone her wedding. Ladies with large feet ought always to have new shoes ready for emergencies.

WANTED—Alder bolts or logs by Wash. Broom & W. W. Co., Seattle.

Watermelon Preserves.

Cut the freshened rind in small pieces, and if there is a little of the pink fruit still adhering, all the better; weigh the rind, also sugar, using 15 ounces of sugar to a pound of fruit; make a sirup of the sugar with half a cup of water and half an ounce of ginger root to every 15 ounces; boil until clear and tender. Seal in cans. This preserve may also be made without freshening the rind.

FITS St. Vitus Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 311 Arch St., Philadelphia.

"What is Japan doing?" asks an ex-change. Whatever it is, Japan is doing it, and not talking about it.

If a whole man were asked what was the greatest fault of the American people he would have to say that it was the belief that laws can be framed that will execute themselves. If a man is at the head of a great business establishment he makes a multitude of rules and regulations for the economical and expeditious conduct of the business, but he never dreams that if these rules and regulations are only wisely drawn he can dispense with all personal watchcare and all exercise of his authority from day to day and hour to hour. When it comes to governing a city, a State or a Nation this same man is a wholly different person. Public officers are only the people's employees, but he thinks they will all attend to their business if only the laws and ordinances are wisely drawn. Even when he sees that the interests of the community are betrayed and sacrificed by these officials his first and only thought is that the laws are to blame. Now, there never were any laws that would execute themselves. Under a monarchical form of government the laws are always well executed because it is to the interest of the monarch to execute them. Under a democratic form of government the power to execute is dissociated from the interest in execution. It is in a low sense to the interest of public officers not to execute the laws and the people stand in the position of the monarch. They are the sufferers if the laws are not executed and the laws will never be executed unless they use the greatest diligence in watching and disciplining their officials. This is something the American people are too lazy or indifferent or preoccupied to do. There is not an evil in society that they could not remedy through existing laws if they were not too lazy or selfish to undertake it. Being hopelessly lazy and indifferent, they propose to cure everything by a new law. It is just as if a sea captain should undertake to navigate the ocean by a revision of the navigation laws without setting a watch at night or keeping a man at the wheel.

Banana Fritters.

Cut peeled bananas into halves lengthwise, then across, and dip in fritter batter. Fry in deep hot fat and serve with a lemon sauce. The sauce for fritters should always be clear, and generally no thickening is used, or else a little arrowroot is taken, which makes transparent thickening. Make a sirup by cooking one cup of sugar with five tablespoons of water for eight minutes, and be sure not to cook it longer, for ten or twelve minutes will make it thread. Add one and one-half tablespoons of lemon juice and a rounding teaspoon of butter.

Patti's exit is now dated 1907. This precision is alarming.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Fac Simile Signature of
Dr. J. C. Fitch
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 Doses—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Dr. J. C. Fitch
In Use For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Send in your orders for Christmas
Logging and PROSPECTING SHOES
R. L. BEATTIE, Flyer Book, SEATTLE, Wash.

PATENTS
BARNES & SEATTLE
STARR-BOND BLOCK
SEND FOR BOOK ON PATENTS

If you have any Alder timber to sell write the Wash Broom & W. Co., Seattle.

LAND SCRIP Bought and Sold
Approved Forest Reserve and Railroad Scrip for surveyed, unsurveyed, timbered or prairie land; approved United States Military Bounty Land Warrants; Re-entitled Soldiers' Additional scrip; all kinds of Land scrip bought and sold.
H. M. HAMILTON,
The Portland, Portland, Ore.

HEAVES CURED! A remedy for long, troublesome, Cures Heaves, Coughs, Distemper and Indigestion. Veterinarians and use and recommend **PRUSSIAN REMEDY CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.** CHAS. H. LILLY CO., Seattle and Portland, Wholesale Agents.

S. N. U. No. 42—1906
When writing to advertisers please mention this paper.

Mica Axle Grease



Makes the Load Lighter

An ounce of grease is sometimes the only difference between profit and loss on a day's teaming. You know you can't afford a dry axle—do you know as well that Mica Axle Grease is the only lubricant you can afford? Mica Axle Grease is the most economical lubricant, because it alone possesses high lubricating property, great adhesive power, and long-wearing quality. Hence, the longest profitable use of your outfit is to be had, only when the lubricant is Mica Axle Grease.

Mica Axle Grease contains powdered mica. This forms a smooth, hard surface on the axle, and reduces friction, while a specially prepared mineral grease forms an effective cushioning body between axle and box. Mica Axle Grease wears best and longest—one greasing does for a week's teaming. Mica Axle Grease saves horse power—consequently saves feed. Mica Axle Grease is the best lubricant in the world—use it and draw a double load. If your dealer does not keep Mica Axle Grease we will tell you one who does.



Standard Oil Co.

